# POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS ACL RECONSTRUCTION

## **MEDICATION**

- Two pain medications (Percocet 5/325 mg, or Tramadol 50 mg) will be prescribed to you. Take as instructed and as needed.
  - **<u>Pain medication may cause constipation.</u>** You may take an over the counter stool softener (Colace, Senekot, etc) to help prevent this problem.
  - You should take these medicines with food or they may nauseate you.
  - You may not drive or operate heavy equipment while on narcotics
  - Pain medication is refilled on an individual basis and only during office hours.
  - You may be referred to pain management either pre-operatively or post-operatively.
- If you have a nerve block, DO NOT WAIT UNTIL THE BLOCK COMPLETELEY WEARS OFF.
  - Most patients find it helpful to take two pills 8-10 hours after surgery and scheduling two pills every four to six hours the first night and morning after and then gradually wean off as tolerated.
- Try to avoid anti-inflammatories such as Ibuprofen or Naproxen for at least six weeks after surgery as this may impair tissue healing.
- Take one regular aspirin (325 mg) once a day for 10 days beginning the day after surgery unless you are allergic, have been prescribed another blood thinner or have a history of stomach ulcers. If you normally take a blood thinner, resume that as prescribed by your primary care physician.
- Resume all home medications unless otherwise instructed.
- Call immediately to the office if you are having an adverse reaction to the medicine.

# WOUND CARE

- Do not remove or unwrap your dressings. This is to help keep the wounds clean and decrease the chance of infection.
- Dressings will be changed on your first post-operative visit and a new dressing applied. If they get EXCESSIVELY wet prior to this, meaning "soaked through," contact the office.
- Until your first post-op visit, wrap the leg, **WITH BRACE**, in a large plastic garbage bag with tape at both ends to shower or bathe.
  - Dr. Toole will instruct you when you may shower without the brace on.
- Continue to use the bag, plastic wrap or waterproof bandages to keep incisions dry for at least 2 weeks after surgery.
- NO submersion of wounds (bath, hot tub, pool) is allowed until a minimum of 3 weeks after surgery.

# CRUTCHES

- You may place FULL WEIGHT OR TOE TOUCH WEIGHT WITH YOUR CRUTCHES on the involved leg depending on additional procedures that need to be performed when comfortable, unless instructed otherwise after surgery to help with balance and stability.
- Crutches will be needed until physical therapy and Dr. Toole deem them unnecessary based on strength in the involved leg and you can walk with a normal gait.

## BRACE

- The post-operative brace, locked in full extension, is to be worn at all times including sleep.
- The brace is necessary for even the simplest tasks such as going to the restroom to protect your knee while your muscles are weak.
- The brace is generally allowed to bend after the first post-op visit and is used 4-6 weeks, depending on your procedure. Instructions may change with additional procedures.

## EXERCISE

- Physical Therapy is a key component of recovery and should start within 1-3 days after surgery. This appointment should be made before surgery to ensure you begin therapy on time. If you have difficulty doing this, contact the office for assistance.
- Regaining full extension quickly is critical to your recovery. DO NOT keep pillows under your knee leaving your knee in a bent position.
- A handout of exercises will be provided immediately after surgery that you may begin as soon as you are comfortable.

#### SLEEP

- Nighttime will probably be the most uncomfortable time.
- You should sleep in your post-op brace until your first post-op visit where you will get additional instructions depending on your progress.
- You may slightly loosen the straps to aid in sleeping if you feel they are tight.

# **COLD THERAPY**

- Ice should be used for comfort and swelling. Use it at least 20 minutes at a time. Many patients use it an hour on then an hour off while awake for the first day or two.
- Never apply directly to exposed skin. Place a dish-towel or t-shirt between your skin and the ice.
- After the two days, use 20-30 minutes every 3-4 hours if possible.
- A simple bag of frozen peas may be used as an inexpensive ice pack. Buy several bags of peas, place in a gallon size zip-lock bag making them about an inch thick and removing as much air as possible. Return to freezer, lying flat when done.
- If you have a cryotherapy machine, use as prescribed according to the instructions.

# BRUISING

- The lower leg may become swollen and bruised, which is normal. This is from the fluid and blood moving down the leg and should resolve in 10-14 days.
- Elevate your leg above heart level to help assist in decreasing swelling.

#### • If you experience severe calf pain and swelling, call the office immediately.

#### **EMERGENCIES**

- If you have an emergency contact Dr. Toole's office.
- Contact the office if you notice any of the following:
  - Uncontrolled nausea or vomiting, reaction to medication, inability to urinate, fever greater than 101.5 (low grade fevers 1-2 days after surgery is normal), severe pain not relieved by pain medication, redness or continued drainage around incisions (a small amount is normal), calf pain or severe swelling.
- If you are having chest pain or difficulty breathing, call 911 or go to the closest emergency room.

## **DENTAL WORK**

• If you need dental work within six weeks after surgery please contact the office for instructions.

# FOLLOW UP APPOINTMENT

- Please make your first post-op visit 7 days after surgery if not already scheduled.
- If you have any questions, please call the office.